

# Granite Composite



## CARE & MAINTENANCE

- Avoid placing pots, pans or other hot objects in excess of 500° f on the surface of the sink (PLEASE NOTE! The bottom of a pot or pan just removed from the burner can reach temperatures of over 1000°f).
- Pots, pans and other hot objects must be placed on appropriate potholders (made of wood, or other heat resistant surfaces, etc.). Please avoid causing excessive thermal shock with the presence of very hot and very cold objects on the sink at the same time.
- Do not use the sink as a cutting surface: rather, use a cutting board made of hardwood or polyethylene.
- Do not use detergents, abrasive substances or metal cleaning pods to clean the sink because they scratch the surface, making it susceptible to stains.
- Heavy or pointed objects that fall on the surface of the sink can damage it.
- Scratches and chips on the surface of the sink can be removed using sandpaper and then a coat of polish.
- **CAUTION!** Do not pour alcohol, gasoline, acid or any solvents in general into or onto the sink because they could react with the chemical structure of the sink and damage it beyond repair.

### OTHER INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO CLEAN THE SINK

- Clean the sink regularly after each time it is used with warm water and a liquid detergent (LIQUID AJAX, etc. are excellent for this type of surface) and a soft cloth. Generic stains should be removed immediately.
- Cleaning powders and creams which are even slightly abrasive should not be used, nor chemically aggressive detergents.
- Abrasive cleaning products can be used only under exceptional circumstances, e.g. when a cigarette burn must be removed; however, these products should be used with extreme care.
- Marks caused by foods or liquid which stain easily, i.e. tea, coffee, fruit juice and the like, must be removed immediately using very hot water and a cleaning product.
- Serious stains, such as those caused by Indian ink, ink, oil-based stains or paints, etc., must be removed immediately.

If these stains are difficult to remove, use a cloth dampened with denatured alcohol.

- For organic stains which are especially difficult to remove, it is recommended that you fill the sink with a highly diluted organic cleaner such as bleach and let stand overnight. The next morning, rinse with warm water and a soft cloth.
- Lines caused by contact between a pot or fork and the surface of the sink should be removed with a cloth or sponge and liquid detergent.
- Cover the bottom of the sink with a solution of normal vinegar and water (or a product specifically designed to fight lime buildup) and let stand for a few hours:
  - Then, rub the bottom of the sink vigorously with the stiff side of a sponge until the lime, dirt and stains have been removed.
  - Rinse thoroughly with water.