Occasional care and maintenance

- of oiled wood floors



WOCA Oil Refresher, natural is typically used for natural oiled and colour oiled floors, and WOCA Oil Refresher, white for white oiled wood floors.

WOCA Oil Refresher combines efficient cleaning with re-oiling, as additional oil is penetrating into the wood forming a mat protective layer on the surface.

- 1. Shake the bottle well before use.
- 2. The floor must be free from dust before treatment.
- 3. Mix WOCA Oil Refresher into lukewarm water:
 - For traditionally oiled floors: 1:20
 (250 ml WOCA Oil Refresher into 5 litres of water).
 - For UV-oiled and oil-waxed floors: 1:40
 (125 ml WOCA Oil Refresher into 5 litres of water).

The mixture ratio can vary depending on wear and requirement.

- 4. Use two buckets one with WOCA Oil Refresher mixed into water and one with rinse water. At first, dip the floor cloth or mop into the Oil Refresher mixture and clean the floor with the light wrung cloth or mop lengthwise of the floor. Then rinse the cloth or mop in clear water, wring hard and dip it into the Oil Refresher mixture again. This time the cloth or mop needs to be extremely hard wrung before wiping the floor again lengthwise of the floor, in order to leave as little moisture on the floor as possible. It is recommended to clean an area of approx.
 10 m² at the time. By doing it this way the floor is exposed to moisture only for a short period.
- 5. Leave the floor to dry for approx. two hours before use.
- **6.** If a light shine is wanted, polish the dry floor with a white pad.



WOCA MAINTENANCE

The easy way to clean and maintain your oiled wood floor...



MAINTENANCE AND CARE

WOCA

WOOD CLEANER AND MAINTENANCE OIL



How to do...

Initial and regular maintenance care

- with WOCA Maintenance Oil



Before a new floor is taken into use it is recommended to buff it – both industrially oiled floors and residentially oiled floors. The final buffing provides a hard-wearing surface and may take place either by hand or with machine.

Oiled floors should be maintained regularly – normally once a year, but more often in case of floors exposed to extremely hard wear.

Cleaning

Clean the floor with 125 ml Wood Cleaner mixed into 5 l water. Leave the floor to dry for at least 8 hours. The floor must be completely dry.

In case of extreme dirt scrubb floor manually using a pad or by machine. Wipe clean with mop or cloth. Always wipe a second time in order that as little water as possible remains on the surface. Repeat cleaning procedure if nessary.

Tip: Always work with two buckets – one with Wood Cleaner mixed with water and one with rinse water.

2 Application

Leave the floor to dry for at least 8 hours. The floor must be completely dry.

Shake the container carefully. Apply approx. 100 ml oil per 4 m^2 with a pad, paint roller or cotton cloth, or use a polishing machine for large surfaces.

Polishing

It is important that the Maintenance Oil is carefully polished into the wood. Continue polishing until the wood appears saturated and the surface looks uniform.

Final polishing

Wipe the floor with clean, dry cotton cloths before proceeding with the next section of floor to be finished. The floor should not appear wet and there should not be any excess oil left on the surface after polishing. Continue in sections until the floor has been finished. When polished with polishing machine, the floor will be pre-hardened after approx. 4 hours at 20°C and may cautiously be taken into use. Manually polished floors may be taken into use after 24 hours. The surface is fully hardened after 24 hours. Do not expose the floor to water during the hardening time.



Regular cleaning of oiled surfaces



Natural Soap white is recommended for light wood species, while Natural Soap natural is ideal for dark wood. May be used for the cleaning and maintenance of all known oil systems. Natural Soap is a quality soap, which due to its nourishing properties quickly closes the pores of the wood and protects against dirt and penetration of liquids.

Cleaning

Natural Soap white is shaken carefully before use. 125 ml
Natural Soap is mixed with 5 l of lukewarm water. It is recommended always to work with 2 buckets: one with soap water and one with rinse water. Clean the floor with minimum quantity of water – leave soap water on floor briefly in order to dissolve dirt. Remove dirty soap water with hard wrung out mop or cloth and rinse out in bucket with rinse water.

Always wipe floor with soap water with hard wrung mop or cloth in order to re-establish the protective Natural Soap film.

Tip: Very dirty floors may be cleaned with Wood Cleaner and subsequently with Natural Soap. Areas with heavy wear may be maintained with Maintenance Paste after cleaning with Wood Cleaner. Particularly difficult stains may be removed with Spot Remover.

OBS!

Maintenance Oil: Risk of self-ignition: Due to the risk of self-ignition it is important that sanding dust and oil wetted cloths are wetted and disposed of in a tightly closed container after use.

TIPS AND TRICKS

In order to enjoy your wooden floor for a long time, we advise you to give the correct care and notice following points:

- Keeping a healthy indoor climate is important both for residents and for the preservation of a floor
- A room temperature between 18-21°C and a relative air moisture between 50 and 60% are ideal.
- Affix felt protectors to the feet of furniture and chairs
- If possible, avoid spiky footwear such as stiletto heels
- Make sure you have special dirt-trapping floorings in entrance areas
- If furniture with rollers are used, these should comply with the EN 12529, if necessary suitable felt protectors are required.
- Avoid water on the surface
- Never use a micro fibre wipe to clean your natural wood floor
- Follow the manufacturer's care instructions

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